



**BREITLING**  
1884



**COSMONAUTE**

LIMITED EDITION



Aurora 7

May 24, 1962

Lt Commander Scott Carpenter



The first chronograph in space

1962. The space race was well under way. Already a supplier to civilian and military aviation, Breitling naturally took a keen interest in this new human adventure. Based on the Navitimer chronograph, the brand's technicians developed the Cosmonaute, a space-going version of this instrument indicating the daily 24 hours in a single sweep of the dial. Given the extremely relative nature of day and night in space, this configuration prevents possible confusion between midday and midnight. On May 24<sup>th</sup> 1962, the astronaut Scott Carpenter tested this instrument under real-life conditions during his orbital flight aboard the Aurora 7 capsule.

For its 125<sup>th</sup> anniversary, Breitling has chosen to issue a limited series of the model that became the first wrist chronograph to experience space travel. Only 1,000 of these Cosmonaute watches will be produced, all equipped for the occasion with an original version of the intriguing 24-hour dial. Further accentuating its distinctive character and in tribute to a modern design icon from the 1960s, the Cosmonaute Limited Edition is fitted exclusively with the rigid perforated Air Racer bracelet.



**Movement:** Breitling Caliber 22, officially chronometer-certified by the COSC, selfwinding, high-frequency (28,800 vph), 38 jewels, 1/5<sup>th</sup> of a second chronograph, 30-minute and 12-hour totalizers. Flyback function. Calendar. **Case:** steel, limited series of 1,000; black dial. Resistant to 3 bars. Rotating bezel with circular slide rule. Cambered sapphire crystal, glareproofed on both sides. Diameter: 41.50 mm. **Bracelet:** steel Air Racer.

**I N S T R U M E N T S F O R P R O F E S S I O N A L S <sup>TM</sup>**

The high-resolution images are available on: <http://www.breitling.com/media>  
User: media Password: cosmonaute